

# PALM INTRANET

Day: Thursday Date: 7/29/2004 Time: 09:57:02

## **Inventor Name Search Result**

Your Search was:

Last Name = GERMEYER

First Name = SABINE

					Inventor Name
Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	7
60368416	Not Issued	159	03/28/2002	FLUORENECARBOXYLIC ACID ESTERS, PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE THEREOF AND USE THEREOF AS MEDICAMENTS	GERMEYER, SABINE
60368238	Not Issued	159	03/28/2002	NEW XANTHENECARBOXYLIC ACID ESTERS, PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE THEREOF AND USE THEREOF AS MEDICAMENTS	GERMEYER, SABINE
60368237	Not Issued	159	03/28/2002	NEW ANTICHOLINERGICS, PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE THEREOF AND USE THEREOF AS MEDICAMENTS	GERMEYER, SABINE
10772797	Not Issued	030	02/05/2004	FLUORENECARBOXYLIC ACID ESTERS, PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE THEREOF, AND USE THEREOF AS MEDICAMENTS	GERMEYER, SABINE
10345911	6696462	150	01/16/2003	ANTICHOLINERGICS, PROCESSES FOR THE PREPARATION THEREOF, AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS	GERMEYER, SABINE
10342080	Not Issued	071	01/14/2003	XANTHENECARBOXYLATES, PROCESSES FOR PREPARING THEM, AND THEIR USE AS PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS	GERMEYER, SABINE
10335795	Not Issued	094	01/02/2003	FLUORENECARBOXYLIC ACID ESTERS, PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE THEREOF, AND USE THEREOF AS	GERMEYER, SABINE

	ME	EDICAMENTS										
Inventor Search Completed: No Records to Display.												
K	Last Name	First Name										
Search Another: Inventor	Germeyer	Sabine										

To go back use Back button on your browser toolbar.

Back to PALM | ASSIGNMENT | OASIS | Home page

STNO-STRUCTURE SEARCH
7-29-04

=> d ibib abs hitstr 1-9

ANSWER 1 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2003:610447 CAPLUS

139:164908

TITLE:

Methods for the production of novel fluorenecarboxylic

acid esters and their use as anticholinergic

pharmaceuticals

INVENTOR(S):

Pestel, Sabine; Reichl, Richard; Meissner, Helmut; Pohl, Gerald; Pieper, Michael P.; Germeyer, Sabine;

Speck, Georg; Morschhaeuser, Gerd

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma G.m.b.H. & Co. K.-G.,

Germany

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.			KI:	ND 	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	o. 	DATE  20030121					
	WO	2003	0644	19	A1 20030807					W	20	03-E						
	W: AE, AG,			AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DŻ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
			ĹS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,
		PL, PT, UA, UG, RU, TJ,			RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
					US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,
					TM													
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	BG,
		-	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,
			NL,	PT,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,
			ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG										
	DE 10203741				A1 20030814 DE 2002-10203741 20020131													
	US 2003199539				A1 20031023 US 2003-335795 20030102													
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.					DE 2002-10203741 A 20020131													
									Ţ	JS 20	002-3	3684	16P	P	2002	328		
OTHER	OTHER SOURCE (S).					CAS	פודאכיי	r 13	9.16	1908	• M7\1	ידית כוכ	130	. 164	900			

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 139:164908; MARPAT 139:164908

II

Br⁻

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 6

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:610446 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:164907

TITLE:

Method for producing cyclopropanotropanol esters for

use as anticholinergic agents

Speck, Georg; Eickmeier, Christian; Pestel, Sabine; Germeyer, Sabine; Pieper, Michael P.; Breitfelder, INVENTOR(S):

Steffen; Grauert, Matthias

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma G.m.b.H. & Co. K.-G.,

Germany

PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

German

1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

P -	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE					PPLI	CATI	DATE						
W	0 2003	2003064418			A1 20030807				W	20	 03-Е	P533		20030121				
	W:	ΑE,	ΑG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
		co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
		LS, LT, PL, PT,			LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	
					RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	
		UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	
		RU,	ТJ,	MT														
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	BG,	
		CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	
		NL,	PT,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	
		ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG											
D	DE 10203749			A.	A1 20030814				DE 2002-10203749						20020131			
U	US 2003207912			A.	1 .	20031106			US 2003-345911					20030116				
U	US 6696462						0224											
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO				. :				1	DE 20	002-3	1020	3749	Α	20020	0131			
					Ţ	JS 20	002-3	3682	37P	P	20020	0328						

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 139:164907; MARPAT 139:164907

GΙ

$$R^2$$
 $R^1$ 
 $R^1$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 

Ι

AΒ The invention relates to novel anticholinergic agents  $I \cdot X - [X - ]$ neg. charged anion; A, B = O, S, NH, CH2, CH:CH, N-(C1-4-alky1); R = H, OH, C1-4-alkyl, C1-4-alkoxy, (C1-4-alkylene)-halogen, O-(C1-4-alkyl)halogen, (C1-4-alkylene)-OH, CF3, CHF2, (C1-4-alkylene)-(C1-4-alkoxy), OC(:O)-(C1-4-alky1), OC(:O)-(C1-4-alky1ene)-halogen, (C1-4-alky1ene)-(C3-6-alky1ene)-(C3cycloalkyl), OC(:O)CF3, halogen; R1, R2 = C1-5-alkyl (optionally substitute with C3-6-cycloalkyl, OH, halogen); R1R2 = C3-5-alkylene; R3, R3', R4, R4' = H, C1-4-alkyl, OH, CF3, CHF2, CN, NO2, halogen; Rx, Rx' = H, C1-4-alkyl, OH, CF3, CHF2, CN, NO2, halogen; RxRx' = single or double bond, O, S, NH, CH2, CH2CH2, N(C1-4-alkyl), CH(C1-4-alkyl), C(C1-4-alky1)2], their optical isomers, mixts., enantiomers and racemates, to a method for producing said agents from II and to the use thereof as medicaments. Thus,  $I \cdot Br - [A = B = CH:CH, R = OH, R1 = R2 = Me, R3]$ = R4 = R3' = R4' = Rx = Rx' = H] was prepared from PH2C(OH)CO2H via esterification with MeI and DBU in MeCN, transesterification with II ( $\alpha$ -OH, R1 = Me) and sodium metal in a melt and N-methylation with MeBr in MeCN. The muscarinic acetylcholine receptor binding ability of I·X- was determined (no data). Pharmaceutical formulations containing I·X- are described.

ΙT 575463-99-9P, 9-Methyl-9-fluorenecarboxylic acid cyclopropanotropine ester 575464-01-6P, 9-Hydroxy-9fluorenecarboxylic acid cyclopropanotropine ester RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and N-methylation of; preparation of cyclopropanotropanol esters for

use as anticholinergic agents)

RN 575463-99-9 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-9-carboxylic acid, 9-methyl-,  $(1\alpha, 2\beta, 4\beta, 5.alph$  $a.,7\beta$ )-9-methyl-9-azatricyclo[3.3.1.02,4]non-7-yl ester (9CI) INDEX NAME)

RN 575464-01-6 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-9-carboxylic acid, 9-hydroxy-, (1α,2β,4β,5.alp
ha.,7β)-9-methyl-9-azatricyclo[3.3.1.02,4]non-7-yl ester (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

## IT 573987-30-1P 573987-32-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of cyclopropanotropanol esters for use as anticholinergic agents)

RN 573987-30-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Azoniatricyclo[3.3.1.02,4]nonane, 9,9-dimethyl-7-[[(9-methyl-9H-fluoren-9-yl)carbonyl]oxy]-, bromide,  $(1\alpha,2\beta,4\beta,5\alpha,7\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

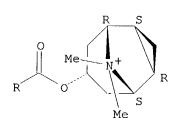
10/772,797

• Br-

RN 573987-32-3 CAPLUS

CN 9-Azoniatricyclo[3.3.1.02,4]nonane, 7-[[(9-hydroxy-9H-fluoren-9-yl)carbonyl]oxy]-9,9-dimethyl-, bromide,  $(1\alpha,2\beta,4\beta,5.alpha$ .,7 $\beta$ )- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



• Br-

REFERENCE COUNT:

4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:159472 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:251985

TITLE:

Stereochemistry of the heterocyclic alcohols

### 10/772,797

containing piperidine unit

AUTHOR(S):

Gao, Shou-Hai; Hu, Wen-Xiang; Yun, Liu-Hong

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Academy of Military Medical Sciences, Beijing, 100850, Peop. Rep.

China

SOURCE:

Gaodeng Xuexiao Huaxue Xuebao (1999), 20(2), 232-236

CODEN: KTHPDM; ISSN: 0251-0790

Gaodeng Jiaoyu Chubanshe

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

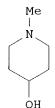
Journal

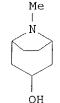
LANGUAGE:

LANGUA

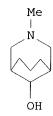
Chinese

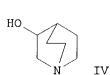
GI





IΙ





The stereochem. of the heterocyclic alcs. (1-4 = I-IV) containing piperidine unit was studied on the basis of the results of mol. mechanics and quantum chemical calcns. The results showed that there existed non-classical orbital super-conjugated interactions between the nitrogen atom and oxygen atom which caused the conformations to be more stable when the hydroxylic group lay at axial than at equatorial with respect to the piperidine ring in compound 1 and compound 3. If the axial hydrogen atoms at C2 and C6 positions in the piperidine ring were substituted, or the mol. existed in the polar solns., this non-classical orbital super-conjugated interactions would be much weaker. In this case, the conformations were more stable when the hydroxylic group was equatorial.

III

IT 221671-26-7

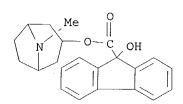
Ι

RL: PRP (Properties)

(mol. mechanics and AM1 study of the conformation of heterocyclic piperidine alcs. and of piperidinyl hydroxycarboxylates)

RN 221671-26-7 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-9-carboxylic acid, 9-hydroxy-, 8-methyl-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1973:461408 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

79:61408

TITLE:

Acid-base properties of atropine, scopolamine, and

some glycolic acid esters

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Meyerhoffer, Anita; Wahlberg, Olof

Res. Inst. Natl. Def., Sundbyberg, Swed.

SOURCE:

Acta Chemica Scandinavica (1947-1973) (1973), 27(3),

868 - 74

CODEN: ACSAA4; ISSN: 0001-5393

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AΒ

Atropine (I) [51-55-8], scopolamine-HBr [114-49-8], and 9 other related anticholinergic compds. had pKa values of 8-10, as determined by emf titrns. in 0.1 M NaCl at 25.deg..

IT 16658-61-0

> RL: BIOL (Biological study) (acid-base properties of)

16658-61-0 CAPLUS RN

9H-Fluorene-9-carboxylic acid, 9-hydroxy-, 8-methyl-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-CN 3-yl ester, hydrochloride, endo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

HCl

ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1970:475272 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

73:75272

TITLE:

Central and peripheral effects of anticholinergic

compounds

AUTHOR(S):

Albanus, Lennart

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Div. Exptl. Def. Med., Res. Inst. Nat. Def.,

Stockholm, Swed.

SOURCE:

Acta Pharmacologica et Toxicologica (1970), 28(4),

305~26

CODEN: APTOA6; ISSN: 0001-6683

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AΒ 3-Tropyl benzilate, 1-methyl-4-piperidyl benzilate, and 3-quinuclidinylcyclopentyl phenylglycolate, at 10  $\mu g/kg$ , s.c., caused behavioral changes, especially in locomotion, similar to those induced by atropine and scopolamine in dogs. All compds. exhibited anticholinergic activity, the most effective one being 3-quinuclidinyl-2-thienyl phenylglycolate, which also had the most potent behavioral effect.

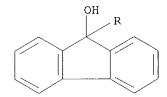
ΙT 29673-84-5

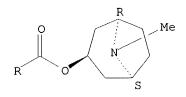
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmacology of)

RN 29673-84-5 CAPLUS

CN  $1\alpha H$ ,  $5\alpha H$ -Tropan- $3\alpha$ -ol, 9-hydroxyfluorene-9-carboxylate (ester) (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.





ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1970:89708 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

72:89708

TITLE:

Structure-activity relations. I. Series of antagonists of acetylcholine and histamine at the

postganglionic receptors

AUTHOR(S):

Bowden, Keith; Young, Rodney Christopher Dep. Chem., Univ. Essex, Colchester, UK

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1970), 13(2), 225-30

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

A series of aminoester hydrochlorides (RCO2CH2CH2NEt2.HCl), which are antagonists of acetylcholine and histamine at postganglionic receptors, were synthesized by conventional methods. Their activity was successfully correlated by Hansch linear free energy relations involving polar, steric, and partition substituent consts. The results are related to receptor-drug interactions.

IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (antagonist activity of, mol. structure in relation to)

RN 16658-62-1 CAPLUS

 $1\alpha H$ ,  $5\alpha H$ -Tropan- $3\alpha$ -ol, fluorene-9-carboxylate (ester), hydrochloride (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

ANSWER 7 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1967:473724 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

67:73724

TITLE:

Esters of tropine, 1-(diethylamino)-2-propanol, and

β-(diethylamino)ethanol

AUTHOR(S):

Zakharova, N. A.; Khromov-Borisov, N. V.; Indenbom, M.

SOURCE:

Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1967), 3(6), 1128-36

CODEN: ZORKAE; ISSN: 0514-7492

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal Russian

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. GΙ

A series of tropine (I), MeCH(OH)CH2NEt2 (II), and CH2(OH)CH2NEt2 (III) AΒ esters with Ph2C(OH)CO2H (IV), Ph(p-MeOC6H4)C(OH)CO2H (V), (p-MeOC6H4)2C(OH)CO2H (VI), PhCClCO2H (VII), 2,2'-biphenyleneglycolic acid (VIII), 2,2'-biphenyleneacetic acid (IX), Ph(p-MeOC6H4)-CHCO2H (X), and (p-MeOC6H4)2CHCO2H (XI) was prepared The compds. were of potential interest as anticonvulsants, in treatment of parkinsonism, and as central cholinolytic agents. The esters were prepared by transesterification of (for example) IV Et ester with I.HCl salt; IV Et ester was prepared from its Ag salt and EtI. Thus, 0.1 mole IV solution in 150 ml. absolute alc. was combined with 0.1 mole KOH and the mixture evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in water, charcoaled, and boiled with 0.1 mole AgNO3. IV Ag salt precipitated in 85-97% yield. To a mixture of 0.05 mole IV Ag salt a

solution of

0.05 mole EtI in 72 ml. anhydrous benzene was added. The mixture was heated .apprx.30 min., filtered, and distilled to give 72.2% yield of IV Et ester, b3-5 150-75°. Similarly other Et esters were prepared (acid, ester % yield, b.p./mm. or m.p. given): V, 77.4, 197-202°/5; VI, 81.5, 215-20°/3-5 (m. 92-8°); VIII, 69.0, m. 87-90°. A

mixture of 0.04 g. I, 0.08 g. Na, and 0.02 mole VI Et ester was kept at  $130-40^{\circ}$  4-5 hrs. in vacuo increasing from 30-40 mm. to 8-12 mm.

The melt was stirred with 120-150 ml. HCl solution The organic layer was separated

[1.8 g. of an insol. precipitate was filtered to give (p-MeOC6H4)2CO m. 143-4° (alc.)]. The aqueous layer was boiled with charcoal, filtered, and neutralized with 2N NH4OH solution in the cold. The precipitate was filtered

off, redissolved in absolute alc., and acidified with alc. HCl solution to give 49.4% ester [m. 200-2° (absolute alc.)] of VI and tropinium chloride. Similarly, other esters of tropinium salt were prepared (acid and % yield and m.p. of ester given): IV, 28.0, 238° (absolute alc.); V, 48.2, 194-5° (Et20-alc.); VIII (VIIIa), 48.9, 240-1° (Et20-alc.). The ester [m. 207-10° (Me2CO)], of IX and tropinium chloride, was prepared by a direct reaction between I and tech. IX chloride, m. 65-73°, in 74.4% yield. A mixture of 9 g. ester of IV and tropinium-chloride and 16.5 ml. SOC12 was boiled 4 hrs. Removal of excess SOC12, extraction with acetone, and crystallization of the residue gave 62% ester [m.

126-8° (benzene-ligroine)] of VII and tropinium chloride. A mixture of 0.04 mole V, 30 g. SnCl2, 80 ml. AcOH, and 60 ml. HCl was stirred 2 hrs. at 30-5° to give 68.5% X. Similarly, XI was prepared in 61% yield. The acids were converted to the chlorides with SOCl2 in 84% (X chloride) and 80% (XI chloride) yields. Esterification of 0.05 mole II with equivalent of X by heating 2 hrs. 115-25° in 15 ml. PhMe gave 53.6% ester of X and II m. 133-5° (Et20-alc.). In the same way the ester of XI and II, m. 112-14° (Et20-alc.), and ester of IX and II, m. 165-6° (acetone) were prepared in 30.8 and 77.1% yields, resp. Condensation of Cl(CH2)2NEt2 with IX, X, or XI by boiling in PhMe gave the corresponding ester of IX and III m. 143-4° (PhMe) (65.5%); ester of X and III m. 128-30° (benzene-ligroine) (57.4%), and ester of XI and III m. 155-6° (benzene-ligroine) (60.5%).

IT 16658-61-0P 16658-62-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 16658-61-0 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Fluorene-9-carboxylic acid, 9-hydroxy-, 8-methyl-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl ester, hydrochloride, endo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

#### ● HCl

RN 16658-62-1 CAPLUS

CN  $1\alpha H$ ,  $5\alpha H$ -Tropan- $3\alpha$ -ol, fluorene-9-carboxylate (ester), hydrochloride (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

ANSWER 8 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1963:477470 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

59:77470 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

59:14475h,14476a

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO .:

Effect of atropine analogs on experimental bronchial

Safrazbekyan, R. R.; Sukasyan, R. S.; Parsadanyan, R. AUTHOR(S):

Izvestiya Akademii Nauk Armyanskoi SSR, Biologicheskie SOURCE:

Nauki (1963), 16(5), 7-13

CODEN: IABNAW; ISSN: 0367-6579

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Russian LANGUAGE:

Expts. were carried out on cats narcotized with hexenal. The bronchomotor AΒ tone was measured by Turpaev's method (Fiziol. Zhur. SSSR 39(6), 732-4(1953)). Ten esters of tropine, tested in small doses, weakened the contraction of the bronchus caused by proserine. Methiodide of tropine ester of diphenylmethylacetic acid (0.05-0.2 mg./kg.) weakened the bronchial spasm provoked by proserine; 0.2 mg./kg. prevented spasm development after subsequent administration of proserine. In a dose 0.1 mg./kg. the same compd, inhibited the bronchial spasm observed during irritation of the vagus nerve.

16658-62-1, Fluorene-9-carboxylic acid,  $3\alpha$ -tropanyl ester, IT

hydrochloride

(preparation of)

16658-62-1 CAPLUS RN

 $1\alpha H$ ,  $5\alpha H$ -Tropan- $3\alpha$ -ol, fluorene-9-carboxylate (ester), CN hydrochloride (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1963:431335 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

59:31335

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:

59:5665g-h,5666a

TITLE:

Relation of pharmacological action with chemical

structure in a series of tropine esters

AUTHOR(S):

LANGUAGE:

Mndzhoyan, A. L.; Papayan, G. L.; Safrazbekyan, R. R.; Ogandzhanyan, N. M.; Parsadanyan, R. G.; Sukasyan, R.

S.

SOURCE:

Izvestiya Akademii Nauk Armyanskoi SSR, Biologicheskie

Nauki (1962), 15(12), 3-14 CODEN: IABNAW; ISSN: 0367-6579

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal Russian

AB cf. CA 55, 9446e. The following esters of tropine with phenylcyclopentanecarboxylic acid (I), diphenylmethyl- (II), diphenylpropyl- (III), phenylpropyl- (IV), and phenylmethylacetic (V) acids, 4-methoxy, 3-methoxy-, 3,4- dimethoxy-, and 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoic acids, fluorene-9-carboxylic acid (VI) and their hydrochlorides, methiodides, and ethiodides were synthesized to study their pharmacol. effects. The esters of I, II, III, IV, V, and VI show atropine-like properties, they depress acetylcholine contraction of the isolated intestine of cats, and they prevent the hypotensive action of acetylcholine in narcotized cats. Because of their M-cholinolytic effect, the methiodides are more active than the corresponding hydrochlorides and ethiodides. The methiodides of I and II esters decrease the acetytcholine contraction of cat intestine. The M-cholinolytic effect of the esters of

benzoic acid derivs. is slight. Methiodides of I and II esters show a

IT 106885-39-6, Fluorene-9-carboxylic acid,  $3\alpha$ -tropanyl ester (pharmacology of)

RN 106885-39-6 CAPLUS

papaverine-like effect.

CN Fluorene-9-carboxylic acid,  $3\alpha$ -tropanyl ester (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/772,797

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:38:39 ON 29 JUL 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:38:56 ON 29 JUL 2004

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 0 S L1

L3 24 S L1 FULL

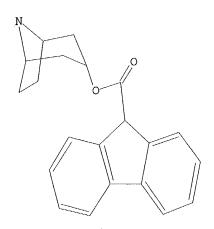
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:39:37 ON 29 JUL 2004

L4 9 S L3

=> d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.